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主谓一致考点解析: 就远法 当主语与 with, along with, accompanied by, in addition to, together with, including, as well as, like, besides, rather than。就近法 not only...but also..., or, either...or..., neither...nor..., nor、物主代词或不定代词作主语 none, all, half, some, most, any, the rest, 百分数、分数作主语、(the) one of +复数名词 + who/ that / which 引导的定语从句的谓语。

一、主谓一致考点解析

(一) 物主代词或不定代词作主语

both, few, many, several 作主语,谓语用复数。

例如: Few of the students are tired. 没有几个学生感到疲倦。

neither of, either of 作主语,其谓语单数或复数都可,但考试一般要求用单数形式。

例如: Either of the trains goes to London. 两辆火车都开往伦敦。

none, all, half, some, most, any, the rest, 百分数、分数作主语时, 其谓语根据后面的名词、代词而定, 如后面的名词或代词是单数, 谓语用单数, 后面的名词或代词是复数, 谓语用复数。

例如: It is said that 35% of the doctors are against the plan.

Three-fourths of its surface of the earth is sea.

None of the answers are right.

Half of the students are boys.

The rest of the lecture is dull.

The last of the bread is gone.

(二) 就近法

not only...but also..., or, either...or..., neither...nor..., nor 连词等连接的两个名词或代词做主语时, 其谓语动词的单复数与毗邻的主语保持一致。

例如: Not only you but also she likes drawings. 不仅你而且她也喜欢绘画。

Neither he nor I am able to look forward to passing the test.

我和他都不能期待着通过这次考试。

Either fans or air-conditioner is necessary here. 这里要么有电扇要么有空调。

(三) 就远法

当主语与 with, along with, accompanied by, in addition to, together with, including, as well as, like, besides, rather than 等引导的词组连用时,其谓语形式依前面的主语而定。

例如: He as well as his children wants to go to China.

不仅他而且他的孩子们也想来中国。

Mary, accompanied by her friends, was warmly welcomed by the audience.

在朋友的陪伴下,玛丽受到了观众的热烈欢迎。

(四)由 both ...and, and 连接的两个成分作主语时,谓语用复数。

例如: Steam and ice are different forms of water. 水蒸汽和冰是水的不同形式。

Water and fire have no mercy. 水火无情。

Time and tide wait for no man. 时不待我。

(五) 单复数同形名词作主语时

这类名词作主语,谓语只用复数:

people, police, cattle, staff, militia (民兵), personnel (全体职员), trousers, pants (内裤),

shorts (短裤), boots, glasses, scissors, goods, clothes, chopsticks, crossroads

这类名词作主语时,如表示"整体",谓语用单数;如强调个体,谓语用复数:

audience, army, class, committee, crew, team, population, crowd, group, family, government, public, union, couple, band, broad

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例如: His family is going to move.他家要搬走了。

His family are all well.他全家都很好。

The public is invited to attend.公众应邀出席。

The public are invited to express their opinion.公众应邀发表他们的意见。

某些学科名称和疾病名称作主语时,谓语用单数:

electronics, mathematics, classics, linguistics, mechanics, politics, physics, economics, statistics

例如: Electronics is a piece of cake. 电子学很容易。

(六)表时间、距离、重量、长度、价值、数目等名词作主语时,谓语用单数。

例如: Ten years is not a short time.

Thirty pounds is not heavy.

Ten thousand dollars is quite a large sum.

Fifteen miles seems like a long walk to me.

(七) one of+复数名词+ who/ that/ which 引导的定语从句,定语从句的谓语要与先行词一致。the one of +复数名词 + who/ that / which 引导的定语从句,定语从句的谓语用单数。

例如: George is one of those people who have trouble making up their minds.

乔治属于那种优柔寡断的人。

I want to buy the one of the cars which was greatly reduced in price.

我想买那些车中唯一大减价的那辆。

(八) 在 there be 结构和倒装句中,谓语通常全部或部分放在主语前面,谓语的单复数依后面的主语而定。例如: Where there is dirt, there are flies.

那里有垃圾, 那里就有苍蝇。

On my right are many trees; on my left is a wide river. 我的右边有很多树,我的左边有条宽宽的河。

(九) "many a 或 more than one+单数名词" 作主语时,谓语动词单数。

例如: Many a student loves English. 许多学生喜欢英语。

More than one example is necessary to make the students understand this rule clearly.

需要更多的例子来使学生清楚地理解这条规则。

(十) each/every+单数名词+ and+单数名词, 后跟单数谓语。

例如: Every girl and boy has such a book.

每个女孩和男孩都有这样的一本书。

专生太直题。

专生平具趣:
1. The first three of the five chapters in the book very easy, but the rest difficult. (2002)
A. is, are B. are, is C. was, were D. were, were
2. Tom is one of those students who friendly; however, it is very hard to get along with him. (2004)
A. is appeared to be B. are appeared to be C. appears to be D. appear to be
3. His wife as well as he invited to the business party. (2005)
A. has been B. have been C. has D. are
4. He is the only one of those boys who willing to take a make-up exam.(anhui 05)
A. is B. were C. has been D. was
5. Everyone is working harder, and living a happier life now,?
A. isn't one B. aren't we C. isn't it D. aren't they
6. Every means but without much result. (2007)
A. have been tried B. has been tried C. have tried D. has tried
7. Neither Mary nor her sister to the party.

A. go B. are going C. have gone D. is going
8. More than one person been infected with the disease.
A. has B. have C. having D. to have
9. The Board of Directors shaking at the Chairman's speech. I think, of what he is saying.
A. are their headsthey disapprove B. isits headsit disapproves
C. aretheir heads it disapproves D. isits headthey disapprove
10. There some mistakes in your composition. (2008)
A. have B. has C. seems to be D. seem to be
11. The Olympic Games held four years. (2009)
A. are; each B. is; every C. is; each D. are; every
12. Not only I but also Ellis and Jane fond of playing basketball.
A. am B. is C. was D. are
13. The father writes in his will that every son and daughter a share of his property. (2010-12)
A. has B. to have C. having D. have
14 of the land in that district covered with trees and grass.(2011-30)
A. Two fifthis B. Two fifthsare C. Two fifthare D. Two fifthsis
15. He is of those boys who is willing to take on another assignment.(2011)
A. the only one B. only one C. one D. a
16. Either of is quite capable of the work. (2012)
A. girl B. the girls C. girls D. the girl
17. Half of his goods stolen the other day. (2013)
A. are B. were C. is D. was
Keys: 1-5 ADAAD 6-10 BDAAD 11-17BAADABB
专业英语
1. The teacher, together with the students, to go to the park this weekend. (2002)
A. are decided B. have decided C. has decided D. were decided
2 most serious problem in our project is how to keep the secret. (2003)
A. The B. That the C. There is D. It is a
3. Many a man life is meaningful without purpose. (2004)
A. think B. had thought C. thinks D. thought
4. Since 1966, probably one-quarter of the people in the world listened to or watched the World Cup. (2005)
A. has B. is C. have D. are
5. Many gases, including the nitrogen and oxygen in air, color or order.
A. have no B. which have no C. not having D. having no
6. John as well as Jack just been back from an important meeting.(2006)
A. have B. has C. are D. is
7. Tom isn't a diligent student, for it is the third time he has been late,? (2008 专业)
A. wasn't it B. hasn't it C. isn't it D. hasn't he
8. Not only I but also Ellis and Jane fond of playing basketball. (2009)
A. am B. is C. was D. are
9. A solar day is the length of time the Earth to revolve once around the Sun. (2010)
A. takes B. takes it C. it takes D. he takes
10. I think Class One to win because Class One all football lovers.
A is likely: are B are likely: are C is likely: is D are likely: is

11. He is o those boys who is willing to take on another assignment. (2011)
A. the only one B. only one C. one D. a
12. Every means tried but without much result. (2013)
A. are B. is C. has been D. have been
KEY: 1-5CACCA 6-11BCACAAC
模拟
1. Neither of the young men who had applied for a position in the university
A. has been accepted B. have been accepted
C. was accepted D. were accepted
2. Both Mary and Susanat the meeting at the moment.
A. is B. are C. was D. were
3. Neither of themsurprised at the sad news.
A. is B. are C. were D. being
4. Therefew people staying in the room after the power failure.
A. are B. is C. have D. has
5. All of the studentsattending the professor's lecture now.
A. are B. is C. have D. had
6. All of his moneyrobbed.
A. has been B. have been C. were D. has
7. This is one of the best novels that this year.
A. appear B. has appeared C. are appeared D. have appeared
8. I wonder whyare so fond of action films.
A. the crowd B. the population C. the populace D. people
9. The policeto report to headquarters immediately.
A. are required B. is required C. required D. require
10good exercises.
A. Climbing hills is B. Climbing the hill is
C. The climbing hills are D. The climbing of hills are
11. Time and tidefor no man.
A. wait B. waits C. is waiting D. has waited
12. A high salary, combined with good fringe(边缘的)benefits,high efficiency among workers.
A. ensures B. is ensured C. ensure D. have ensured
13. Either the teachers or the principalthe meeting.
A. attends B. attend C. are attending D. have attended
14. His "Selected Poems"first published in 1965.
A. were B. was C. has been D. is
15. You ought to speak English in class,?
A. hadn't you B. wouldn't you C. shouldn't you D. couldn't you
16. The number of the students in the classlimited to thirty.
A. have B. are C. be D. is
17. Clever boys need never work hard,?
A. needn't they B. need they C. don't they D. do they
18. School students need eight hours of sleep a day,?
A. don't they B. do they C. needn't they D. need they

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19. The first three of the five chapters in the book____very easy, but the rest____difficult.

A. is; are

B. are; is

C. was; were

D. were; were

20. A large number of people___present at the sports meeting.

A. was

B. were

C. be

D. have

Keys: 1—5 CBAAA 6—10 ADDAA 11—15 AAABC 16—20 DBAAB





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